- 1. Find the number of non-isomorphic connected, unicyclic graphs (graphs with exactly one cycle) on 6 vertices (a bit boring, but useful).
- 2. Prove that a graph G contains a circuit of length at least k + 1 if  $d(x) \ge k$  for all  $x \in V(G)$ .
- 3. Show that the complement of a disconnected graph is connected!
- 4. Determine all graphs with exactly one pair of vertices of equal degree (all other degrees are distinct).
- 5. For every  $n \ge 3$  give an example of a graph G having  $\chi(G) \ge n$  but  $G \not\supseteq K_n$ .
- 6. Prove that for every graph G on the vertex set V there is a partition of  $V = V_1 \cup V_2$ such that if  $G(V_1)$  and  $G(V_2)$  denote the graphs spanned by G on the sets  $V_1$  and  $V_2$ respectively, than  $\chi(G(V_1)) + \chi(G(V_2)) = \chi(G)$ .
- 7. Prove that a graph has at least  $\binom{\chi(G)}{2}$  edges.
- 8. Prove that for any graph G on n vertices  $\chi(G)\chi(\overline{G}) \ge n$  holds.